## Phonological Awareness Test

This test is designed to find the students' skill level in each of the major phonological awareness areas and consequently their readiness to begin the formal reading process.

## Guidelines

- The test is presented orally, requiring students to rely on purely phonetic cues—visual cues are not tested at this stage.
- Ensure that sounds (not letter names) are used by both student and teacher.
- The test should be administered to a single student on a 'one-to-one' basis.
- The skills are listed in order of difficulty and should be administered in sections following the schedule outlined below.
- A number of 'nonsense words' have been included to prevent students from guessing the answers, providing a more accurate phonemic assessment.

## Sections

**Section A** (rhyming, word awareness, syllables and phonemic isolation) should be administered before formal instruction in learning the single and multiple phonograms (Terms 1 and 2 of *Teacher Book A*).

**Section B** (phonemic identity, phonemic categorisation, phonemic blending and phonemic segmentation) should be administered before formal instruction in spelling (Terms 3 and 4 of *Teacher Book A*).

**Section C** (phonemic manipulation and phonemic substitution) should be administered before proceeding onto *Teacher Book B*.

Students who do not perform well in any of these subtests may need additional support and extra small group activities to improve in these areas in order to successfully complete the formal learning activities.



## Phonological Awareness Test—Auditory Skills

LI	TERATE FOR LIFE	Student name				Date of birth		
		Section A Date		Section B Date		Section C Date		
Tic	k or cross the boxes for correct	t and incorrect respor:	nses. Answers (where	applicable) are ;	given in square bra	ckets.		
1	<b>Rhyming</b> 'Sun' and 'fun' are rhyming words—they have the same sound at the end. Have the student say other words that rhyme with these words:							
	_			nut gut 🗌	sack tack			
2	Word awareness	lead these sentences a	and ask the student to	tell how many	words they hear:			
NO A	Please come. [2]	Four boys are I	here. [4]	The train wh	istled. [3]	Do you know	the answer? [5]	
- SECTION A	<b>Syllables</b> Some words can be broken into parts called <b>syllables</b> (happy = hap-py). Read these words and ask the student to tell the number of syllables they hear.							
	today [2] 🗌 🛛 w	vonderful [3]	believe [2]	happi	ness [3]	yes [1]	ponnet [2]	
4	<b>Phonemic isolation</b> Read these words and ask the student to tell the initial (first), medial (middle) and final (end) sounds for these three-letter words. Ensure the student says sounds and not letter names ('d', not 'dee').							
	cat ['k' 'a' 't'] 🗌 🗌	dog ['d'	ʻoʻ ʻgʻ]	sun ['	s' 'u' 'n'] 🗌 🗌 [	vod ['	v' 'o' 'd']	
5	Phonemic identity final sounds.	Say each series of we	ords and ask the stud	ent to identify tl	ne common sound.	The examples incluc	le initial, medial and	
	can cat cope kind ['k']		mum make mon		'I 🗌	cat plate si		
	cup pop map snip ['p']		cot shop dog do	ll ['o']		sit rim pin	limb ['i']	
SECTION B	<b>6 Phonemic categorisation</b> Say each series of words and ask the student to identify the word which doesn't belong (because it doesn't share the common sound). The examples include initial, medial and final sounds.							
- SECTI	camel cat kitten mule [ snake curl pill sill [snak		rope roof ha nail toes roa	at roll [hat] am mown [nail]		until flip sail curl sir tale f		
7	Phonemic blending	For the words belov 'i' 'f' 't' [lift] 🗌				nd the sounds to mak 'v''er'[over]	æ a word. 'g' 'l' 'i' 'm' [glim] 🗌	
8	<b>Phonemic segment</b> me ['m' 'ee'] [2]	not ['n''o''t'] [3]			e word into its sou rees ['t''r''ee''s'		ny there are. ['ch''aw''f'] [3] 🗌	
9	Phonemic manipula word, and then add or rea			student to add c	or remove the indic	ated sound at the be	ginning, tell the new	
	park add 's' at the st		add 's' at the end [sp	oarks]				
NOI	ill add 'h' at the s lamp remove 'l' at th		add 'i' at the end [hi remove 'p' at the end					
SECTION	tins remove 't' at th		remove 's' at the end					
	10 Phonemic substitution Say these base words and ask the student to say the new word when the sound is substituted.							
	bat remove 't', add 'k' kitten remove 'k', add 'n		•	ť, add 's' [sap] ť, add 'p' [sep]		dog remove 'o	', add 'i' [dig]	
	ummary of skills	sponses above (gener	rally 0-1 correct = poo	pr 2-3 correct -	satisfactory 4+ cor	rect = good)		
		. Word awareness	3. Syllable	, 2 9 concet –	4. Phonemic isola	-	Phonemic identity	
	POOR SATISFACTORY GOOD	POOR SATISFACTORY GOOD	POOR SATISFACTORY GOOD		POOR SATISFACTORY GOOD		POOR SATISFACTORY GOOD	
	POOR	Phonemic blending	8. Phonemic s		9. Phonemic man	ipulation 10	. Phonemic substitution	
	SATISFACTORY GOOD	SATISFACTORY	SATISFACTORY GOOD		SATISFACTORY GOOD		SATISFACTORY	